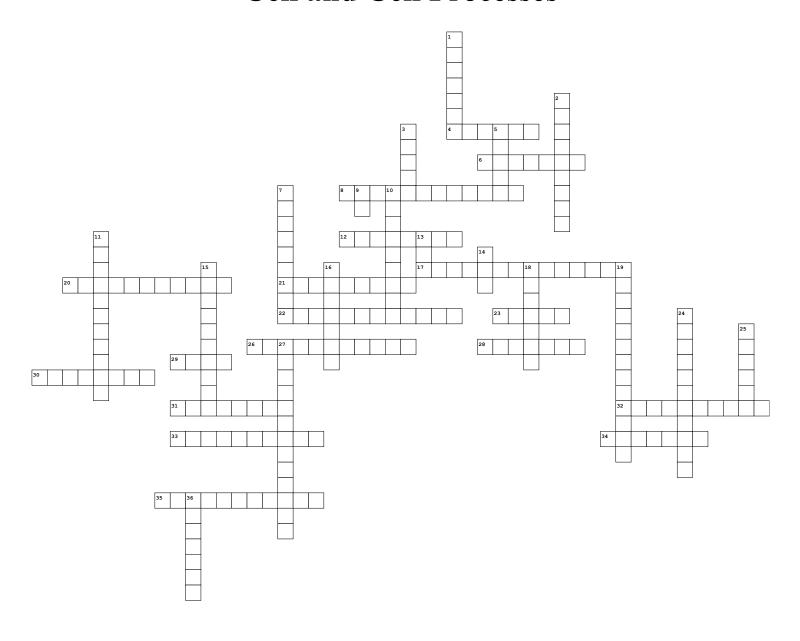
## **Cell and Cell Processes**



## Across

- **4.** active transport requires \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. control center of the cell
- 8. also known as consumers
- **12.** supports and protects the plant cell (write as one word)
- **17.** process that uses energy made from sunlight to make glucose
- **20.** \_\_\_\_ have cells that don't have a nucleus or organelles
- **21.** get energy from glucose without oxygen
- 22. makes energy for the cell
- 23. packages products and ships them out of the cell

## Down

- 1. respiration burns \_\_\_\_\_ to make energy
- 2. another word for passive transport
- **3.** in photosynthesis \_\_\_\_\_ + carbon dioxide + light make food
- **5.** ER has ribosomes attached
- 7. fluid that fills the cell
- **9.** series of passageways for protein delivery
- 10. change in genetic makeup over time
- 11. the organelle that does photosynthesis
- 13. made when ATP gives up energy
- **14.** the disadvantage of anaerobic respiration is that it produces \_\_\_\_\_ amount of energy.

<b>26.</b> large molecules use protein channels for diffusion	<b>15.</b> chemical processes that occur within a living organism in order to maintain life
28. storage place	<b>16.</b> respiration requires oxygen
29. basic unit of life	18. contains cell's DNA
<b>30.</b> make proteins	19. membranes are made up of a phospholipid
<b>31.</b> organelle is a cell structure that is bound by a	bilayer that control what comes in and out
	24. maintaining a stable environment
<b>32.</b> organisms that make sugar from sunlight	25 ER has no ribosomes attached
<b>33.</b> plants, animals and fungi have this type of cells	27. diffusion moves from high to low
<b>34.</b> an organic molecule made during photosynthesis and used by respiration	<b>36.</b> animal cells have a vacuole than plant cells
<b>35.</b> this happens in the mitochondria	