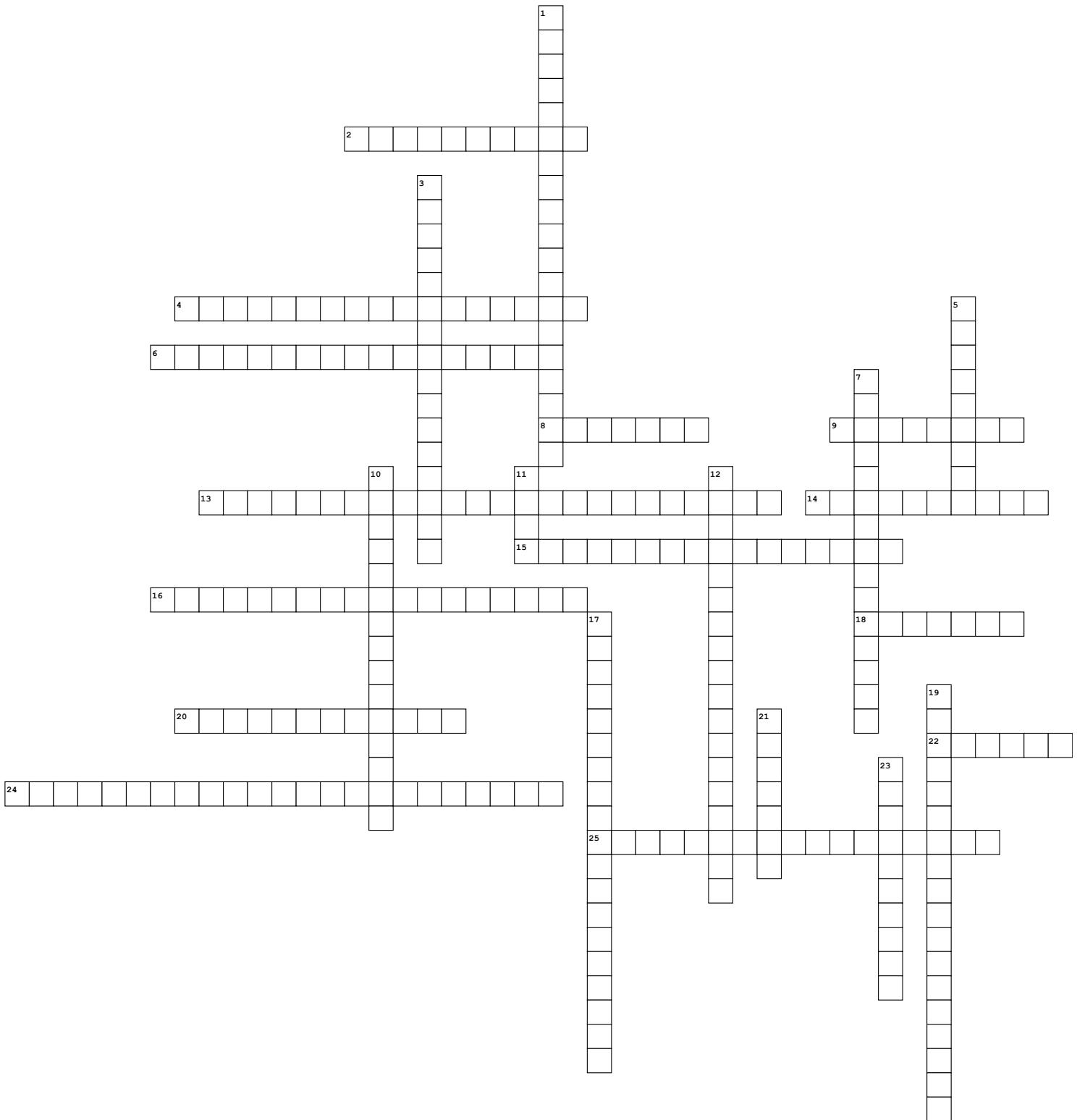


Our Puzzling Government



Across

- 2. not sanctioned by law
- 4. Benjamin Franklin had proposed an innovative

Down

- 1. believed that people should contract among themselves to form governments to protect their natural rights

- plan for uniting the colonies
- 6. the first basic system of laws in the English colonies
- 8. political disorder
- 9. imposed the first direct tax on the colonists
- 13. a government in which people elect delegates to make laws and conduct government
- 14. single-chamber
- 15. a representative assembly with the power to enact laws
- 16. trade among the states
- 18. the money a government collects from taxes or other sources
- 20. declaring to the Second Virginia Convention
- 22. approved
- 24. was the author of the basic plan of government that the Convention eventually adopted
- 25. in which the power of the monarch, or government, was limited, not absolute
- 3. stands as the first example of many colonial plans for self-government
- 5. laws
- 7. severely limiting the king's power
- 10. In retaliation Parliament passed the Coercive Acts which this is also known as
- 11. yeild
- 12. Colonial legislatures had the power to pass laws, and colonial courts heard cases
- 17. Rights, a document that would later be very important to the American colonies
- 19. established the principle that the territories were to be developed for statehood on an equal basis with the older states
- 21. an agreement prohibiting trade, on Britain, and agreed not to use British goods
- 23. provided the basis for the principle of limited government